

Discussion Problems

Step 13: Add Two 3-Digit Numbers 1

Teacher note: For the first question the children may need an A3 copy and scissors to cut out the cards.

National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 3: (3C2) [Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction](#)

Mathematics Year 3: (3C4) [Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction](#)

About this resource:

This resource has been designed for pupils who understand the concepts within [this step](#). It provides pupils with more opportunities to enhance their reasoning and problem solving skills through more challenging problems. Pupils can work in pairs or small groups to discuss with each other about how best to tackle the problem, as there is often more than one answer or more than one way to work through the problem.

There may be various answers for each problem. Where this is the case, we have provided one example answer to guide discussion.

We recommend self or peer marking using the answer page provided to promote discussion and self-correction.

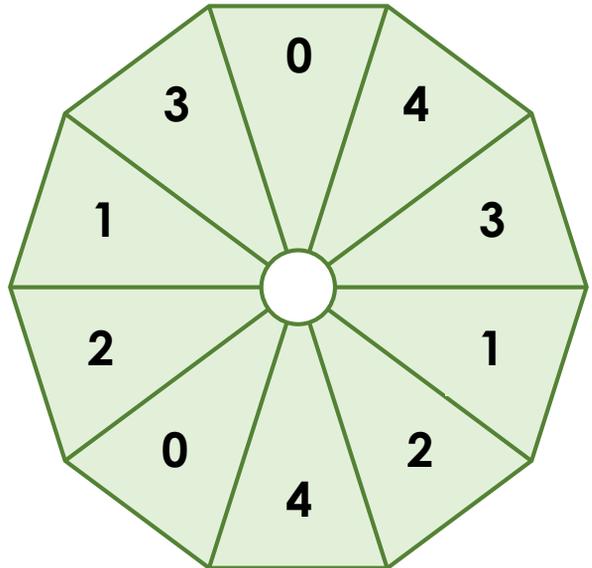
More [Year 3 Addition and Subtraction](#) resources.

Did you like this resource? Don't forget to [review](#) it on our website.

Add Two 3-Digit Numbers 1

1. With a partner, use the spinner 6 times to generate random digits. Arrange these digits in any order to make two 3-digit numbers. Add them together to create your own totals.

+			



Who can make the highest total?

DP

2. Complete the calculations and arrange the loop cards so that each end matches another of equal value. Fill in the missing card to complete the loop.

498	
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nine hundred and fifty-eight	
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888	140 + 729
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seven hundred and ninety-eight	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 50%; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">251</td> <td style="text-align: center;">640</td> </tr> </table>			251	640
251	640				

seven hundred and ninety-nine	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 50%; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">618</td> <td style="text-align: center;">270</td> </tr> </table>			618	270
618	270				

	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 50%; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">798</td> <td style="text-align: center;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">165</td> <td style="text-align: center;">633</td> </tr> </table>			798		165	633
798							
165	633						

	367 + 131
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869	
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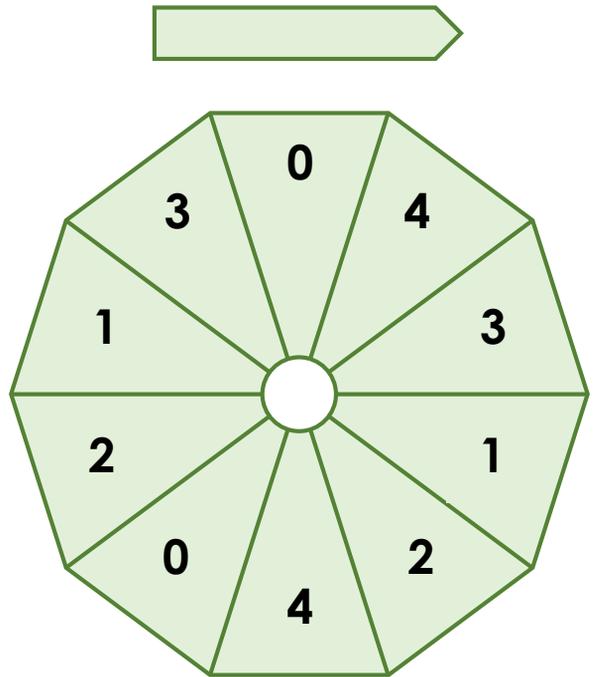
DP

Add Two 3-Digit Numbers 1

1. With a partner, use the spinner 6 times to generate random digits. Arrange these digits in any order to make two 3-digit numbers. Add them together to create your own totals.

Various answers, for example:

	4	3	2
+	2	1	0
<hr/>			
	6	4	2
<hr/>			



Who can make the highest total?

DP

2. Complete the calculations and arrange the loop cards so that each end matches another of equal value. Fill in the missing card to complete the loop.

$367 + 131 = 498$	498 	seven hundred and ninety-nine <table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">888</td> </tr> <tr> <td>618</td> <td>270</td> </tr> </table>	888		618	270	888 $140 + 729 = 869$
888							
618	270						
	<p>Various answers for missing card, for example: Accept any two 3-digit numbers that add up to 829 without any exchanges.</p>		869 				
nine hundred and fifty-eight 		seven hundred and ninety-eight <table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">798</td> </tr> <tr> <td>165</td> <td>633</td> </tr> </table>	798		165	633	
798							
165	633						

DP